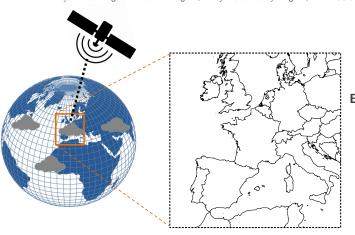
# Evaluation of the atmospheric water vapor content in the regional climate model ALARO-0 using GNSS observations

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### **Outline**

- Introduction
- Data
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion and future research

# Research topic

#### Aim

Evaluation of water vapor in regional climate models using observations from GNSS

#### Motivation

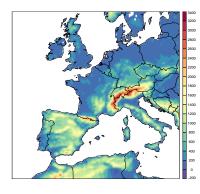
Lack of validation by regional climate models, new reprocessed dataset ready for climate studies

#### Relevance

Quality of regional climate model for climate projection

### Climate model

#### **ALARO**



- Configuration of the ALADIN model (v0)
- Lateral boundary conditions ERA-Interim
- Land surface model SURFEX
- Details:
- Size: 149 x 149 grid points
- Horizontal resolution: 20 km
- Vertical 46 levels: from 17 m to 72 km
- Lambert conformal projection
- Radiation scheme ACRANEB

ALADIN International Team (1997), Gerard et al. (2009), De Troch et al. (2013), Giot et al. (2016), Masson et al. (2003, Masson et al. (2013)

## **GNSS** Observations



EPN tropospheric product repro 2 1996-2014, selection criteria:

- fit within domain
- min. 10 years of data
- min. 15 days per month

#### 100 stations selected

Pacione et al. (2016)

### **IWV** calculation

#### ZTD observations to IWV

$$IWV = \prod. ZWD = \prod. (ZTD - ZHD)$$

$$\prod = \frac{10^6}{\varrho_W R_v \left(\frac{k_3}{T_m} + k_2'\right)}$$

$$II = \frac{10^6}{\varrho_W R_v \left(\frac{k_3}{T_m} + k_$$

 $T_m$  and  $P_s$  from ERA-Interim

Methods

6 / 17

### **IWV** calculation

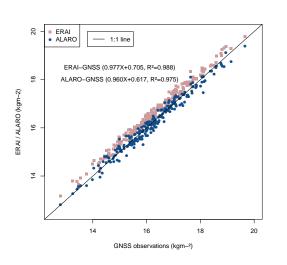
#### Model calculation of IWV

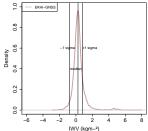
- Horizontal interpolation: 4 nearest grid points (weighting: inverse distance)
- Vertical linear interpolation based on Hagemann et al. (2003) but using:
  - Pressure station level using barometric formula
  - T, Sfpres, H from model
  - Standard lapse rate for temperature -0.0065K/m
  - Vertical levels from lowest to +/-20 km

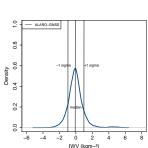
Hagemann et al. (2003)

# **Model performance**

Differences between models and observations



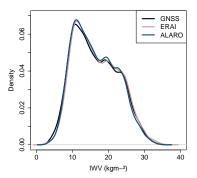


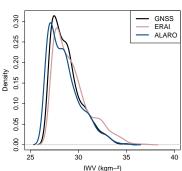


# Model performance

Distribution of all data

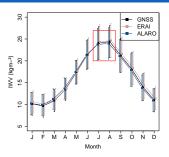
Distribution of the 95th percentile

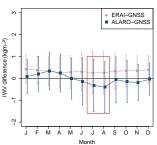




9 / 17

# Seasonal variability

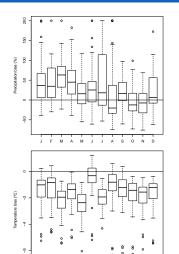




#### **IWV** bias

- Overestimation ERAI, constant
- Larger standard deviation in summer, both ERAI and ALARO
- ALARO performs better than ERAI, except for July-August
- Large underestimation ALARO in July-August

# Seasonal variability



### ALARO - E-OBS: precipitation bias

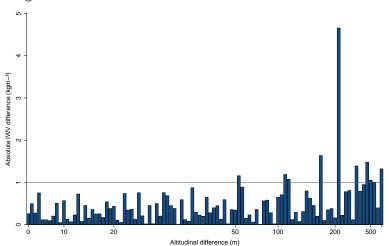
- Good performance for May, June, Sep, Oct, Nov
- Large neg. bias August
- Large spread July

Large underestimation of precipitation in August

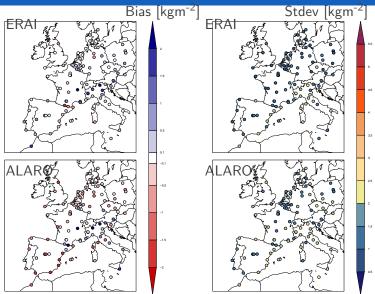
- + Large underestimation of temperature
- = smaller moister holding capacity
- = explains negative IWV bias.

# **Spatial variability**

 $\begin{aligned} &\mathsf{ALARO} - \mathsf{GNSS} \\ &\mathsf{Large} \ \mathsf{outlier} = \mathsf{SJDV} \end{aligned}$ 



# **Spatial variability**



### **Discussion**

- $lue{}$  Overestimation ERAI pprox Lucas-Picher et al. (2013)
- Larger standard deviation is expected with regional model compared with ERAI
- Larger standard deviations in summer for both ALARO and ERAI
- Underestimation of regional climate model in summer
- ullet Similar results as in pprox Ning et al. (2013), but based on different GNSS dataset and regional climate model
- Relation precipitation and temperature model bias with IWV bias
- Largest differences ALARO and ERAI in southern Europe = dry model bias
- Latitudinal dependence ≈ Pacione et al. (2016)

### **Future research**

- Closer look at spatial variability
- Closer look at intra-month variability
- Group stations based on similar characteristics
- Diurnal cycle

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### References

Hagemann, S., Chen, C., Clark, D. B., Folwell, S., Gosling, S. N., Haddeland, I., Hanasaki, N., Heinke, J., Ludwig, F., Voss, F., and Wiltshire, A. J.: Climate change impact on available water resources obtained using multiple global climate and hydrology models, Earth Syst. Dynam., 4, 129-144, doi:10.5194/esd-4-129-2013, 2013.

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J. Berckmans IWV validation Conclusions 16 / 17

# Extra: precipitation bias summer

